

Information on Status of Nuclear Power Plants in Fukushima



Japan Atomic Industrial Forum, Inc.

Policy on information and compilation

This JAIF-compiled information chart represents the situation, phenomena, and operations in which JAIF estimates and guesses the reactors and related facilities are, based on the latest data and information directly and indirectly made available by the relevant organizations when JAIF's updating works done. Consequently, JAIF may make necessary changes to descriptions in the chart, once (1) new developments have occurred in the status of reactors and facilities and (2) JAIF has judged so needed after reexamining the prior information and judgments.

JAIF will do its best to keep tracks on the information on the nuclear power plants quickly and accurately.

Status of nuclear power plants in Fukushima as of 20:00, April 5th (Estimated by JAIF)

| Power Station | Fukushima Dai-ichi Nuclear Power Station | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|---|-------------|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| Unit | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| Electric / Thermal Power output (MW) | 460 / 1380 | 784 / 2381 | 784 / 2381 | 784 / 2381 | 784 / 2381 | 1100 / 3293 |
| Type of Reactor | BWR-3 | BWR-4 | BWR-4 | BWR-4 | BWR-4 | BWR-5 |
| Operation Status at the earthquake occurred | In Service → Shutdown | In Service → Shutdown | In Service → Shutdown | Outage | Outage | Outage |
| Fuel assemblies loaded in Core | 400 | 548 | 548 | No fuel rods | 548 | 764 |
| Core and Fuel Integrity (Loaded fuel assemblies) | Damaged | Damaged | Damaged | No fuel rods | Not Damaged | |
| Reactor Pressure Vessel structural integrity | Unknown | Unknown | Unknown | Not Damaged | Not Damaged | |
| Containment Vessel structural integrity | Not Damaged (estimation) | Damage and Leakage Suspected | Not damaged (estimation) | Not Damaged | Not Damaged | |
| Core cooling requiring AC power 1 (Large volumetric freshwater injection) | Not Functional | Not Functional | Not Functional | Not necessary | Functional | |
| Core cooling requiring AC power 2 (Cooling through Heat Exchangers) | Not Functional | Not Functional | Not Functional | Not necessary | Functioning (in cold shutdown) | |
| Building Integrity | Severely Damaged (Hydrogen Explosion) | Slightly Damaged | Severely Damaged (Hydrogen Explosion) | Severely Damaged (Hydrogen Explosion) | Open a vent hole on the rooftop for avoiding hydrogen explosion | |
| Water Level of the Rector Pressure Vessel | Fuel exposed partially or fully | Fuel exposed partially or fully | Fuel exposed partially or fully | Safe | Safe | |
| Pressure / Temperature of the Reactor Pressure Vessel | Gradually increasing / Decreased a little after increasing over 400°C on Mar. 24th | Unknown / Stable | Unknown | Safe | Safe | |
| Containment Vessel Pressure | Decreased a little after increasing up to 0.4Mpa on Mar. 24th | Stable | Stable | Safe | Safe | |
| Water injection to core (Accident Management) | Continuing (Switch from seawater to freshwater) | Continuing (Switch from seawater to freshwater) | Continuing (Switch from seawater to freshwater) | Not necessary | Not necessary | |
| Water injection to Containment Vessel (AM) | (To be confirmed) | to be decided (Seawater) | (To be confirmed) | Not necessary | Not necessary | |
| Containment Venting (AM) | Temporally stopped | Temporally stopped | Temporally stopped | Not necessary | Not necessary | |
| Fuel assemblies stored in Spent Fuel Pool | 292 | 587 | 514 | 1331 | 946 | 876 |
| Fuel Integrity in the spent fuel pool | Unknown | Unknown | Damage Suspected | Possibly damaged | Not Damaged | |
| Cooling of the spent fuel pool | Water spray started (ffreshwater) | Continued water injection (Switch from seawater to freshwater) | Continued water spray and injection (Switch from seawater to freshwater) | Continued water spray and injection (Switch from seawater to freshwater) Hydrogen from the pool exploded on Mar. 15th | Pool cooling capability was recovered | |
| Main Control Room Habitability & Operability | Poor due to loss of AC power (Lighting working in the control room at Unit 1 and 2.) | | Poor due to loss of AC power (Lighting working in the control room at Unit 3 and 4.) | | Not damaged (estimate) | |
| Environmental effect | <p>● Status in Fukushima Dai-ichi NPS site Radiation level: 0.72mSv/h at the south side of the office building, 112 μSv/h at the Main gate, 49 μSv/h at the West gate, as of 15:00, Apr. 5th. Radiation dose higher than 1000 mSv was measured at the surface of water accumulated on the basement of Unit 2 turbine building and in the tunnel for laying piping outside the building on Mar. 27th. Plutonium was detected from the soil of the Fukushima Dai-ichi NPS site on Mar. 28th. The amount is so small that the Pu is not harmful to human body. Radioactive materials exceeding the regulatory limit have been detected from seawater sample collected in the sea surrounding the Fukushima Dai-ichi NPS since Mar. 21st. Radioactive Iodine, I-131, 4,385 times higher than regulatory limit was detected on Mar. 30th. It is discovered on Apr. 2nd that there is highly radioactive (more than 1000mSv/hr) water in the concrete structure housing electrical cable and this water is leaking into the sea through cracks on the concrete wall. Efforts to stop the water leakage from the crack is being made. Release of some 10,000 tons of low level radioactive wastewater into the sea began on Apr. 4th, in order to make room for the highly radioactive water. TEPCO evaluated that eating fish and seaweed caught near the plant every day for a year would add some 25% of the dose that the general public receive from the environment for a year. Radioactive materials were detected from underground water sampled near the turbine buildings on Mar. 30th.</p> <p>● Influence to the people's life Radioactive material was detected from milk and agricultural products from Fukushima and neighboring prefectures. The government issued order to limit shipment (21st-) and intake (23rd-) for some products. Radioactive iodine, exceeding the provisional legal limit, was detected from tap water sampled in some prefectures from Mar. 21st to 27th. Small fish caught in waters off the coast of Ibaraki have been found to contain radioactive cesium above the legal limit on Apr. 4. Nuclear Safety Commission of Japan released prediction of radioactive material spread caused by the accident (Mar. 23rd). This prediction was based on the calculation using computer code called SPEEDI (System for Prediction of Environmental Emergency Dose Information).=> http://www.nsc.go.jp/info/110323_top_siryo.pdf</p> | | | | | |
| Evacuation | <p><1> Shall be evacuated for within 3km from NPS, Shall stay indoors for within 10km from NPS (issued at 21:23, Mar. 11th) <2> Shall be evacuated for within 10km from NPS (issued at 05:44, Mar. 12th) <3> Shall be evacuated for within 20km from NPS (issued at 18:25, Mar. 12th) <4> Shall stay indoors (issued at 11:00, Mar. 15th), Should consider leaving (issued at 11:30, Mar. 25th) for from 20km to 30km from NPS</p> | | | | | |
| INES (estimated by NISA) | Level 5 | Level 5 | Level 5 | Level 3 | — | — |
| Remarks | <p>● Progress of the work to recover injection function Water injection to the reactor pressure vessel by temporally installed pumps were switched from seawater to freshwater at Unit 1, 2 and 3. High radiation circumstance hampering the work to restore originally installed pumps for injection. Discharging radioactive water in the basement of the buildings of Unit 1through 3 continue to improve this situation. Water transfer work is being made to secure a place the water to go. Lighting in the turbine buildings became partly available at Unit 1through 4.</p> <p>● Function of containing radioactive material It is presumed that radioactive material inside the reactor vessel may leaked outside at Unit 1, 2 and Unit 3, based on radioactive material found outside. NISA announced that the reactor pressure vessel of Unit 2 and 3 may have lost air tightness because of low pressure inside the pressure vessel. NISA told that it is unlikely that these are cracks or holes in the reactor pressure vessels at the same occasion.</p> <p>● Cooling the spent fuel pool Steam like substance rose intermittently from the reactor building at Unit 1, 2, 3 and 4 has been observed. Injecting and/or spraying water to the spent fuel pool has been conducted.</p> <p>● Prevention of the proliferation of contaminated dust: Testing the spraying synthetic resin to contain contaminated dust began on Apr. 1st.</p> | | | | | |

[Source]
Government Nuclear Emergency Response Headquarters: News Release (-4/5 13:30), Press conference
NISA: News Release (-4/5 16:00), Press conference
TEPCO: Press Release (-4/5 15:00), Press Conference

[Abbreviations]
INES: International Nuclear Event Scale
NISA: Nuclear and Industrial Safety Agency
TEPCO: Tokyo Electric Power Company, Inc.

[Significance judged by JAIF]
■ Low
■ High
■ Severe (Need immediate action)

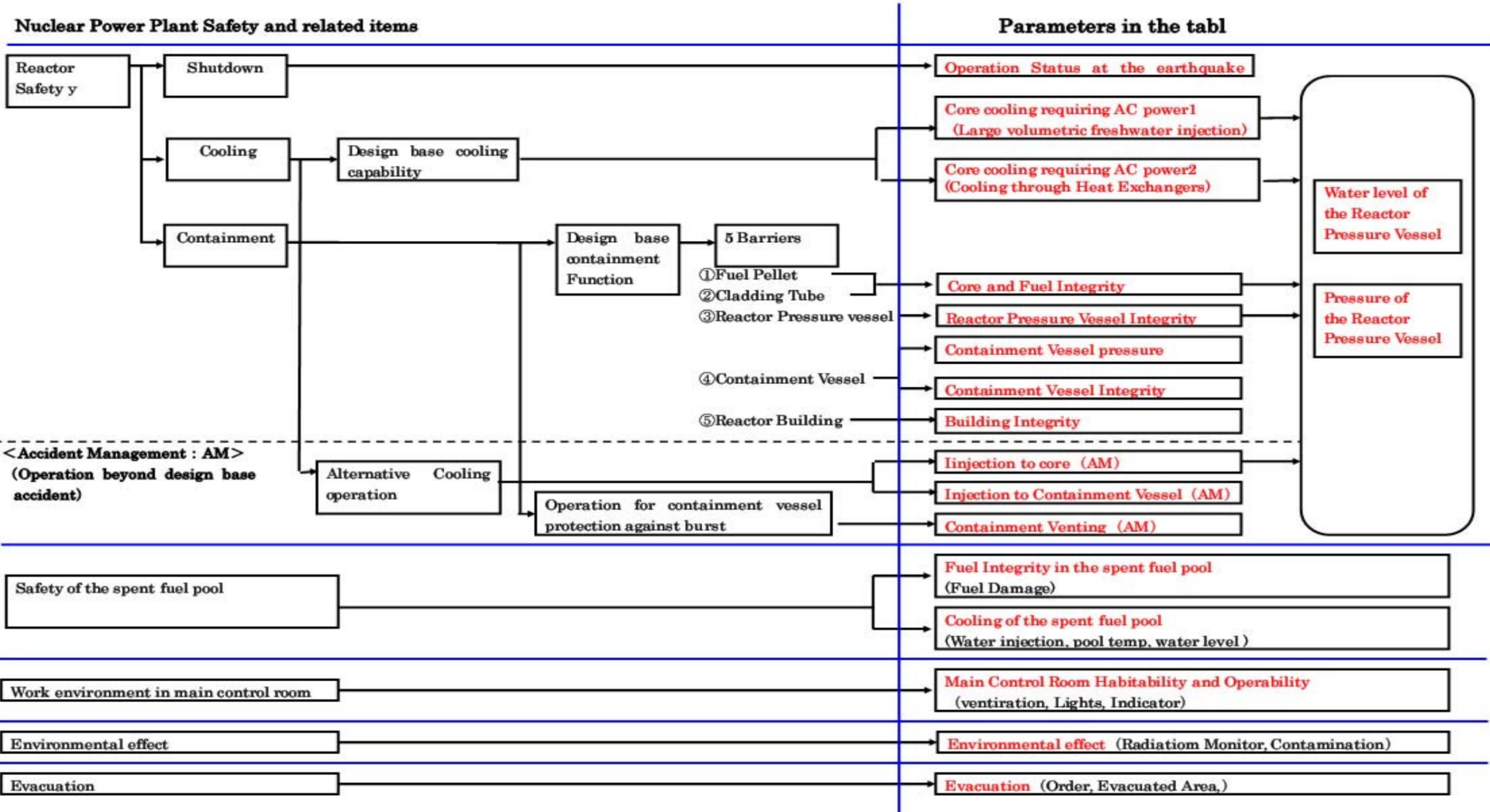
| | | | | |
|---|--|---------|-------|---------|
| Power Station | Fukushima Dai-ni Nuclear Power Station | | | |
| Unit | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| Electric / Thermal Power output (MW) | 1100 / 3293 | | | |
| Type of Reactor | BWR-5 | BWR-5 | BWR-5 | BWR-5 |
| Operation Status at the earthquake occurred | In Service -> Automatic Shutdown | | | |
| Status | All the units are in cold shutdown. | | | |
| INES (estimated by NISA) | Level 3 | Level 3 | — | Level 3 |
| Remarks | Unit-1, 2, 3 & 4, which were in full operation when the earthquake occurred, all shutdown automatically. External power supply was available after the quake. While injecting water into the reactor pressure vessel using make-up water system, TEPCO recovered the core cooling function and made the unit into cold shutdown state one by one. Latest Monitor Indication: 3.4 μ Sv/h at 15:00, Apr. 5th at NPS border Evacuation Area: 10km from NPS | | | |

| | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| Power Station | Onagawa Nuclear Power Station | | |
| Unit | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Operation Status at the earthquake occurred | In Service -> Automatic Shutdown | | |
| Status | All the units are in cold shutdown. | | |
| Remarks | Safe | | |

| | | |
|---|----------------------------------|--|
| Power Station | Tokai Dai-ni | |
| Operation Status at the earthquake occurred | In Service -> Automatic Shutdown | |
| Status | In cold shutdown. | |
| Remarks | Safe | |

Parameters in the Table

JAIF picks up these parameters to evaluate safety condition of the nuclear plants during this accident from the view point of the principles of nuclear power plant safety, which are "Shutdown", "Cooling" and "Containment". Then we create the chart. The following diagram is to show the correspondence relation of these parameters in the table to nuclear power plant safety.





1. Latest Major event and response

April 3rd:
 12:18 Power supply to water injection pumps to the reactors of Unit 1, 2, and 3 was switched from power supply vehicles to originally equipped power source.
 13:47 A polymer absorbent was poured into a duct as a measure for stopping the water leakage from the pit of Unit 2.

2. Chronology of Nuclear Power Stations

(1) Fukushima Dai-ichi NPS

| | Unit 1 | Unit 2 | Unit 3 | Unit 4 | Unit-5 and 6 |
|---|--|--|---|---|--|
| Major Incidents and Actions | 11th 15:42 Report IAW Article 10* (Loss of power) | 11th 15:42 Report IAW Article 10* (Loss of power) | 11th 15:42 Report IAW Article 10* (Loss of power) | 14th 04:08 Water temperature in Spent Fuel Storage Pool increased at 84°C | 19th 05:00 Cooling SFP with RHR-pump started at Unit 5 19th 22:14 Cooling SFP with RHR-pump started at Unit 6 |
| <i>*The Act on Special Measures Concerning Nuclear Emergency Preparedness</i> | 11th 16:36 Event falling under Article 15* occurred (Incapability of water injection by core cooling function) | 11th 16:36 Event falling under Article 15* occurred (Incapability of water injection by core cooling function) | 12th 20:41 Start venting | 15th 09:38 Fire occurred on 3rd floor (extinguished spontaneously) | 20th 14:30 Cold shutdown achieved at Unit 5. 20th 19:27 Cold shutdown achieved at Unit 6. |
| | 12th 00:49 Event falling under Article 15* occurred (Abnormal rise of CV pressure) | 13th 11:00 Start venting | 13th 05:10 Event falling under Article 15* occurred (Loss of reactor cooling functions) | 16th 05:45 Fire occurred (extinguished spontaneously) | 22nd 19:41 All power source was switched to external AC power at Unit 5 and 6. |
| | 12th 14:30 Start venting | 14th 13:25 Event falling under Article 15* occurred (Loss of reactor cooling functions) | 13th 08:41 Start venting | Since 20th, operation of spraying water to the spent fuel pool continues. | Apr. 1st 13:40 Start transferring pooled water in the Unit 6 radioactive waste process facility to the Unit 5 condenser. |
| | 12th 15:36 Hydrogen explosion | 14th 16:34 Seawater injection to RPV | 13th 13:12 Seawater injection to RPV | 29th 11:50 lights in the main control room becomes available | |
| | 12th 20:20 Seawater injection to RPV | 14th 22:50 Report IAW Article 15* (Abnormal rise of CV pressure) | 14th 05:20 Start venting | | |
| | 22nd 11:20 RPV temperature increased | 15th 00:02 Start venting | 14th 07:44 Event falling under Article 15* occurred (Abnormal rise of CV pressure) | | |
| | 22nd 02:33 Seawater injection through feed water line started in addition to fire extinguish | 15th 06:10 Sound of explosion, Suppression Pool damage suspected | 14th 11:01 Hydrogen explosion | | |
| | 24th 11:30 lights in the main control room becomes available | 15th 08:25 White smoke reeked | 15th 10:22 Radiation dose 400mSv/h | | |
| | 25th 15:37 Freshwater injection to the reactor started. | Since 20th, operation of spraying water to the spent fuel pool continues. | 16th 08:34, 10:00 White smoke reeked | | |
| | 27th 08:30 Continuing to transfer the water in the basement of the turbine building | 21st 18:22 White, steam-like smoke erupted from the top of the reactor building. | Since 17th, operation of spraying water to the spent fuel pool continues. | | |
| | 31st 09:20-11:25 Work to remove the water in the trench | 26th 10:10 Freshwater injection to the reactor started. | 21st 15:55 Slightly gray smoke erupted (18:02 settled) | | |
| | 31st 12:00 Start to transfer the water in the CST to the surge tank (- 15:27, Apr. 2) | 26th 16:46 lights in the main control room becomes available | 22nd 22:46 lights in the main control room becomes available | | |
| | 31st 13:03 Start water injection to SFP | 29th 16:45 Start to transfer the water in the CST to the surge tank | 25th 18:02 Freshwater injection to the reactor started. | | |
| | | Apr. 2nd 16:25 Start injecting concrete to stop water leakage from the pit near the intake | 28th 17:40 Start to transfer the water in the CST to the surge tank | | |
| | | 2nd 17:10 Start transferring water in the condenser to the CST | Apr. 2nd 9:52-12:54 Spray water to the SFP | | |
| | | 3rd 13:47 Poured a polymer absorbent as a measure for stopping the water leakage from the pit (no effect) | | | |
| | | 4th 11:05 Start water injection to SFP using temporary motor driven pump | | | |
| | Apr. 3rd 12:18 Switch power supply for water injection pumps to the RPV from power supply vehicles to originally equipped power source | | | | |
| Major Data | Reactor Water level (Apr. 05 06:00) (A) -1700mm (B) -1650mm | Reactor Water level (Apr. 05 06:00) -1500mm | Reactor Water level (Apr. 05 05:40) (A) -1850mm, (B) -2250mm | Thermography (Apr. 04 07:20) 30°C (SFP Temp.) | Water temperature of SFP Unit 5 35.5°C (Apr. 05 07:00) Unit 6 28.5°C (Apr. 05 07:00) |
| | Reactor pressure (Apr. 05 06:00) (A) 0.308MPaG, (B) 0.619MPaG | Reactor pressure (Apr. 05 06:00) (A) -0.018MPaG, (B) -0.018MPaG | Reactor pressure (Apr. 05 05:40) (A) 0.011MPaG, (B) -0.081MPaG | | |
| | CV pressure (Apr. 05 06:00) 0.150MPaabs | CV pressure (Apr. 05 06:00) 0.100MPaabs | CV pressure (Apr. 05 05:40) 0.1078MPaabs | | |
| | RPV temperature (Apr. 05 06:00) 233.5°C at feed water line nozzle | RPV temperature (Apr. 05 06:00) 141.7°C at feed water line nozzle | RPV temperature (Apr. 05 05:40) 84.7°C at feed water line nozzle (under repair) | | |
| | Thermography (Apr. 04 07:20) 18°C (SFP Temp.) | Water temperature in SFP (Apr. 05 06:00) 71°C | Thermography (Apr. 04 07:20) 57°C (SFP Temp.) | | |
| | | | | | |

(2) Fukushima Dai-ni NPPs

All units are cold shutdown (Unit-1, 2, 4 have been recovered from a event falling under Article 15*)

*SFP: Spent Fuel Storage Pool
 EDG: Emergency Diesel Generator
 RPV: Reactor Pressure Vessel
 R/B: Reactor Building
 RHR: Residual Heat Removal system
 CST: Condensate water Storage Tank

3. State of Emergency Declaration

11th 19:03 State of nuclear emergency was declared (Fukushima Dai-ni NPS)
 12th 07:45 State of nuclear emergency was declared (Fukushima Dai-ichi NPS)

4. Evacuation Order

11th 21:23 PM direction: for the residents within 3km radius from Fukushima I to evacuate. within 10km radius from Fukushima I to stay in-house
 12th 05:44 PM direction: for the residents within 10km radius from Fukushima I to evacuate
 12th 17:39 PM direction: for the residents within 10km radius from Fukushima II to evacuate
 12th 18:25 PM direction: for the residents within 20km radius from Fukushima I to evacuate
 15th 11:06 PM direction: for the residents within 20-30km radius from Fukushima I to stay in-house
 25th Governmental advise: for the residents within 20-30 km radius from Fukushima I to voluntarily evacuate

Status of the Nuclear Power Plants after the Earthquake

The accident that brings environmental impact is going on at several units in Fukushima Daiichi nuclear power Station after the earthquake occurred on March 11th. Other nuclear power plants in Japan are in normal operation or safely shutdown.

